# pH measurement in industrial processes

Selection and engineering guide for different industries and applications







# Step by step

pH determination is an essential measurement in all industries. Monitoring of product quality or of chemical reactions is often done by means of pH measurement. The pH value is related to the hydrogen ion (H<sup>+</sup>) concentration in an aqueous solution and therefore to the solution's acidity. The pH value can (in theory) vary in water between 0 – 14, with 0 being the acidic and 14 the caustic end of the scale.

Application conditions for pH measurement can be very different ranging e.g. from wastewater and chemical mixtures to ultra pure water in power stations or the life science industry. The lifetime of a pH sensor depends on these conditions, but as well on cleaning, calibration, regeneration intervals and on the right choice of sensor type. A complete pH measuring point consists of the sensing element (pH sensor), an assembly, cable and transmitter. This guide helps you with the selection of the right sensor and assembly for your applications including the transmitter.

For further detailed information, also cross check the related Technical Information of the chosen products. This guide does not claim to be complete.

### Overview of pH measurement equipment

This part comprises a short description of different types of necessary components:

- pH sensors
- Assemblies
- Transmitters

Each part contains technical descriptions followed by tables summarizing technical data including advantages and application limits.

### Check list/data sheet

For a complete specification a check list is provided with the option to add a sketch of the installation conditions. Please use this format for professional inquiries.

### Selection of pH sensor according to application

Starting with a flow chart [3.1] this part supports you to do a proper pre-selection based on chemical and physical behaviors of the process medium. From there you are directed to the individual chapters [3.2 – 3.8] with the indication of the recommended pH sensor including key advantages as well as application limits and alternatives.

# Selection of assembly for a given application

After pH sensor selection, the assemblies part also starts with a flow chart [4.1] guiding to the individual chapters [4.2 - 4.5] based on installation and application conditions. Similar to part B you will be given a first choice plus alternatives.

Depending on pH sensor "liquid- or gel-filled" you need to specify respectively order corresponding options of a retractable assembly. Additionally, make sure to select a pneumatically driven retractable assembly in case you want to use Liquiline Control for automatic measuring, cleaning and calibration.

Based on the selected pH sensor in part B please check mechanical compatibility [table in 4.6] to verify corresponding pH sensor length and max. required free space for mounting assemblies e.g. in pipes, by passes or small tanks.

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А

B

С

1.1 Sensor types



#### **Glass sensors**

The sensing element of the standard pH-glass sensor is a salt on the glass bulb with a thickness of 100 nm. This layer is able to incorporate H+ ions and this results in a change of the electrostatic potential across the glass bulb. This potential change is measured relative to a reference element which is in contact to the medium by the junction to create a closed electrical circuit. Different types of glass sensors are available, e.g. hygienic and nonhygienic versions. These differ in the kind of junction used (ceramic, Teflon or none) and in the kind of gel or liquid used for the reference system. Resistance of the sensor against blocking of the junction and poisoning of the reference depends strongly on the selection of reference and junction type.



#### **ISFET sensors**

The sensing element of an ISFET sensor is a semiconductor chip forming an ion selective field effect transistor. The ISFET chip is especially sensitive to H+ ions. Non-glass sensors are unbreakable and the ISFET sensors can tolerate higher amounts of organic solvents than glass type sensors. Glass and ISFET type sensors use the same reference and junction types. Main application areas of the ISFET type is whenever glass is not allowed or wished, e.g. in food processes or when there are high amounts (> 20 %) of organic solvents. ISFET sensors are made from PEEK and have a lower alkaline and acid error compared to glass sensors. The new generation of the ISFET sensors even offers a six times higher CIP stability compared to conventional ISFET pH sensors.



#### Combined pH/ORP sensors

Combined sensors feature a platinum element in addition to the pH glass. This enables simultaneous measurement of pH value and ORP potential for a better process overview. Alternatively, the platinum element can be used for measurement of the reference impedance to anticipate decreases in sensor quality. Combined sensors directly deliver rH values that give information about a medium being oxidizing, neutral or reducing. Different types of glass sensors are available, e.g. hygienic and nonhygienic versions. These differ in the type of junction used (ceramic, Teflon or none). Resistance of the sensor against blocking of the junction depends strongly on the selection of junction type.



#### Enamel sensor

The main advantage of enamel sensors is their robustness. The sensors have extraordinarily long calibration cycles and a long lifetime. The measurement accordingly requires less maintenance. Liquid KCl filled reference with hygienic ceramic junction. The linear range is from pH 0 to 10. The sensor has a hygienic design, suitable for CIP and SIP. A retractable assembly is not necessary and there are different process connections available.



### Revolutionary Memosens technology

pH measurement has become easier and more reliable since Endress+Hauser has invented Memosens. Inductive signal and energy transmission without any metallic contacts between sensor head and cable connection ensures trouble-free operation even in humid environments. The storage of calibration data in the sensor head enables comfortable calibration in the laboratory and quick sensor exchange on site. Memosens 2.0 is leading Memosens technology into the future. It offers: Perfect basis for IIoT connectivity: You have the relevant information on your measuring point close to hand using the right app. Predictive maintenance 2.0: The storage capacity for up to 8 times more relevant data is an excellent basis for predicting maintenance requirements. Increased flexibility when configuring the measuring point in hazardous areas.

See also section 5.1 on page 54 or www.endress.com/memosens

# 1.2 pH sensors

|                       | Glass sensors<br>Memosens CPS11E<br>Orbisint CPS11   | Glass sensors<br>Memosens CPS71E<br>Ceragel CPS71 | Glass sensor<br>Memosens CPS61E  |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|
|                       |  |   | And a second sec |
| pH range              | 0 to 14  | 0 to 14   | 1 to 12 (measuring range),<br>1 to 14 (application)  |
| Process temperature   | 0 to 135 °C  | 0 to 135 °C                                       | 0 to 140 °C  |
| Max. process pressure | up to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub>  | up to 14 bar <sub>abs</sub>                       | up to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub>   |
| Min. conductivity     | 50 μS/cm<br>version with salt storage:<br>0,1 μS/cm  | 10 µS/cm  | 100 µS/cm  |
| Organic content       | < 20 vol%  | < 20 vol%   | < 20 vol%  |
| Shaft material        | glass  | glass   | glass  |
| Junction              | PTFE   | ceramic   | ceramic  |
| Reference system      | gel filled   | gel filled, ion trap                              | gel filled, ion trap   |
| Special options       | F glass for higher HF<br>content, ion trap for<br>poisoning media,<br>salt storage for low<br>conductivity | pressurized reference,<br>upside-down mounting    | Certified life sciences<br>and food compliance<br>(e.g. FDA, USP, EHEDG,)<br>pressurized reference,<br>upside-down mounting  |
| Applications          | water, wastewater, process   | chemical processes                                | hygienic and sterile<br>applications (sterilizable,<br>autoclavable)<br>• bioreactor/fermenter<br>• biotechnology<br>• foods   |

| Glass sensors<br>Memosens CPS91E<br>Orbipore CPS91 | Glass sensors<br>Memosens CPS41E<br>Ceraliquid CPS41 | Glass sensors<br>Memosens CPF81E<br>Orbipac CPF81 | Glass sensor<br>Memosens CPS31E<br>Ceratex CPS31   | Enamel sensor<br>Ceramax CPS341D                       |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Developed State                                    |  |   |  |  |
| 0 to 14  | 0 to 14  | 0 to 14   | 1 to 12  | 0 to 10 (measuring<br>range), 1 to 14<br>(application) |
| 0 to 110 °C  | 0 to 135 °C  | 0 to 110 °C                                       | 0 to 80 °C   | 0 to 140 °C  |
| up to 14 bar <sub>abs</sub>                        | up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> with counter pressure    | up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub>                       | up to 4 bar <sub>abs</sub>   | up to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub>                             |
| 500 μS/cm  | 0.1 µS/cm  | 50 μS/cm  | 100 μS/cm<br>50 μS/cm for "AC"<br>version (three junctions)                                  | 50 μS/cm   |
| < 20 vol%  | higher level possible<br>depending on<br>application | < 20 vol%   | < 20 vol%  | < 20 vol%  |
| glass  | glass  | glass   | glass  | enamel on<br>stainless steel                           |
| open   | ceramic  | PTFE  | ceramic  | ceramic  |
| stabilized gel<br>reference                        | liquid filled  | gel filled, double<br>chamber                     | gel filled   | liquid filled  |
| for soiling media                                  |  | flat membrane                                     | salt storage   |  |
| emulsions, suspensions, precipitation reactions    | process, ultrapure<br>water, fat, dye                | wastewater, mining                                | drinking water,<br>swimming pool water,<br>pH compensation<br>for measuring free<br>chlorine | food and life sciences                                 |

# 1.2 pH sensors

|                          | ISFET sensors<br>Memosens CPS77E  | ISFET sensors<br>Memosens CPS97E   | ISFET sensors<br>Memosens CPS47E  |
|--------------------------|---|--|---|
|                          |   |  |   |
| pH range                 | 0 to 14   | 0 to 14  | 0 to 14   |
| Process temperatur       | -15 to 135 °C   | -15 to 110 °C  | -15 to 135 °C   |
| Max. process<br>pressure | up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub>   | up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub>  | up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub>   |
| Min. conductivity        | 10 µS/cm  | 500 µS/cm  | 5 µS/cm   |
| Organic content          | high level possible<br>depending on application                           | high level possible<br>depending on application                          | high level possible<br>depending on application                           |
| Shaft material           | PEEK, chip sealing:<br>perfluorelastomer                                  | PEEK, chip sealing:<br>perfluorelastomer                                 | PEEK, chip sealing:<br>perfluorelastomer                                  |
| Junction                 | ceramic   | open aperture  | ceramic   |
| Reference system         | gel filled  | stabilized gel reference   | liquid filled   |
| Special options          | Certified life sciences and<br>food compliance (e.g. FDA,<br>USP, EHEDG,) |  | Certified life sciences and<br>food compliance (e.g. FDA,<br>USP, EHEDG,) |
| Applications             | food, life sciences,<br>fermenter, process,<br>non aqueous media          | emulsions, suspensions,<br>precipitation reactions,<br>non aqueous media | process, pure water, fat,<br>dye, non aqueous media                       |

| Combined pH/ORP sensor<br>Memosens CPS16E           | Combined pH/ORP sensor<br>Memosens CPS76E              | Combined pH/ORP sensor<br>Memosens CPS96E           |
|---|--|---|
|   |  |   |
| pH: 0 to 14<br>ORP: -1500 to 1500 mV<br>rH: 0 to 42 | pH: 0 to 14<br>ORP: -1500 to 1500 mV<br>rH: 0 to 42    | pH: 0 to 14<br>ORP: -1500 to 1500 mV<br>rH: 0 to 42 |
| 0 to 135 °C   | 0 to 140 °C  | 0 to 110 °C   |
| up to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub>                         | up to 14 bar <sub>abs</sub>                            | up to 14 bar <sub>abs</sub>                         |
| 50 µS/cm  | 10 µS/cm   | 500 µS/cm   |
| < 20 vol%   | < 20 vol%  | < 20 vol%   |
| glass   | glass  | glass   |
| PTFE  | ceramic  | open aperture                                       |
| gel filled, ion trap                                | gel filled, ion trap                                   | stabilized gel reference                            |
|   | pressurized reference system, upside-<br>down mounting |   |
| water, wastewater, process                          | chemical process                                       | emulsions, suspensions, precipitation reactions     |

### 1.3 Assembly types



### Immersion type holders

These types of assemblies are mainly used for installations in open vessels and channels. Such assemblies are usually found in wastewater treatment plants or chemical industry. When installation from top of the container or vessels is the only possibility – immersion holders are as well a good choice.

### Dipfit

The standard CPA111 made from polypropylene (PP) is mainly used in the wastewater market. Beside that we offer the CPA140 made from PVDF or stainless steel for harsher applications (e.g. chemical industry). Different immersion lengths are available and both assemblies can hold up to three sensors for redundant or multiple measurement. Spray cleaning options are available for both assemblies.



#### Modular immersion type holders

These types of assemblies have real advantages in immersion applications like in wastewater industries. They are suitable for sensors with various connection threads. Not only 12 mm glass sensors for pH or oxygen but also sensors for turbidity or nitrate. The System can be mounted in nearly all locations (pipes, rails, etc.) by using different pipes, holders and more.

#### Flexdip

Flexdip CYA112 is used for installations in open vessels and channels. Such assemblies are usually found in wastewater treatment plants. The modular system allows an optimum configuration for every measuring application

- Using 12 mm Memosens sensors
- Versions in stainless steel or PVC
- Assembly length from 600 mm (23.6") to 3600 mm (142") in steps of 600 mm (23.6")
- A float assembly is available for varying water levels.
- Quick fastener for:

   fast installation and exchange of Memosens sensors with non-contact plug-in head
   twist-free installation of fixed-cable sensors
  - alignment of sensors



#### Insertion assemblies

Especially in batch processes where you have access to the pH sensor between two batches we find fixed installations realized by using insertion assemblies. Such assemblies are often used in life sciences and food production.

### Unifit

The CPA842 is an assembly made from stainless steel for food and life sciences. There are several options for the process connection especially hygienic clamp connections. For special hygienic demands a certified hygienic design and certificates according to EHEDG, 3-A, ASME BPE and Pharma CoC are available with corresponding surface roughness.



#### Flow-through assemblies

Installation in process pipes or bypasses can be done by using flow-through type assemblies. Such set-ups are often found in water works, beverages industry, chemical industry or on analytical panels in power plants.

#### Flowfit

For the water works segment the CPA250 made from polypropylene (PP) is a good choice. The robust CPA240, available in chemically resistant PVDF or made from stainless steel is made for measurement of ultra pure water (prevention of static charges). Both assemblies provide 3 sensor slots and the possibility to upgrade for chemical spray cleaning. For compact installations and utilities, the CYA21 could be a valuable option.



#### Retractable assemblies

Main advantage of retractables is that sensor exchange or cleaning can easily be done without process interruption. Insertion or retraction can either be done manually or automatically (pneumatic retraction). The pneumatically driven assemblies can be combined with automatic cleaning and calibration system, because the sensor resides in a cleaning chamber after retraction.

#### Cleanfit

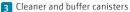
Besides the differentiation between manual and automatic retraction, we offer different materials, sealing strategies to the process and safety functions to fit your application. For heavy duty applications, variants with a ball valve based sealing system are available. Additionally the pneumatic version can be combined with the fully automated measuring, cleaning and calibration solution Liquiline Control.



#### Liquiline Control

Fully automated measuring, cleaning and calibrating

- 1 Media distribution unit
- 2 Transmitter with industry PC and touch display



4 Double-membrane pumps

See also section 5.2 on page 55 or www.endress.com/CDC90

### 1.4 pH assemblies

(Type of sensor see table on page 52)

|  | Flowfit CPA240   | Flowfit CPA250                              | Flowfit CYA21   |
|--|--|---|---|
|  | FFF  |   |   |
| Max. process<br>pressure                 | Stainless steel: 11 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>at 150 °C; PVDF: 9 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>at 50 °C                                      | 7 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 20 °C               | 17 bar <sub>abs</sub>   |
| Process temperature                      | Stainless steel: -15 to 150 °C<br>PVDF: 0 bis 120 °C   | 0 to 80 °C                                  | 0 to 100 °C   |
| Materials (in contact with medium)       | PVDF, stainless steel<br>1.4404/316L   | Polypropylene (PP)                          | Stainless steel<br>1.4404/316L                                      |
| <b>Sealings</b> (in contact with medium) | EPDM/Viton/Chemraz/<br>Fluoraz   | Viton/FKM                                   | specific to sensor  |
| Sensor connections                       | 3 x PG 13.5  | 3 x PG 13.5                                 | 1 x PG 13.5; thread NPT<br>1/2"                                     |
| Process connections                      | welding adapter for DN 25<br>pipe; flange DN 25 PN 16;<br>flange ANSI 1" 150 lbs;<br>flange JIS 10K 25 A; thread<br>FNPT ½"      | thread G 1", thread NPT 1"                  | pipe, 6mm outer diameter<br>(OD) for common tube<br>fitting systems |
| Cleaning                                 | spray cleaning CPR31   | spray cleaning CPR31,<br>Chemoclean CPR3    | -   |
| Remarks                                  | PMC (potential matching)<br>in Alloy C4; Tantal  | PWIS-free version<br>available              | compact design; ideal for<br>limited space applications             |
| Applications                             | water, boiler feedwater,<br>ultra pure water, cooling<br>water, fertilizer, sugar<br>production, gas scrubbers,<br>petrochemical | water, wastewater<br>treatment or beverages | water, boiler feedwater,<br>ultra pure water, cooling<br>water      |



| 17 bar <sub>abs</sub>   |  |
|---|--|
| -15 to 140 °C   |  |
| Stainless steel 1.4435/316L   |  |
| EPDM-FDA, FKM, FKM-<br>FDA, silicone-FDA  |  |
| 1 x PG 13.5   |  |
| DN 25 standard; DN 25 also<br>for B.Braun port; Tri-Clamp<br>1.5"; Tri-Clamp 2"; dairy<br>fitting DN 50 DIN11851';<br>Varivent DN 40-125/0.4",<br>aseptic fitting DN50 thread<br>DIN 11864-1A |  |
| -   |  |
| EHEDG approval with surface finish $R_{_a}$ = < 0.76 $\mu m$ or < 0.38 $\mu m$ , 3-A  |  |
| food, life sciences, chemical, water  |  |

### 1.4 pH assemblies

(Type of sensor see table on page 52)

|                                      | Ecofit CPA640   | Dipfit CPA111   |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
|                                      |   | Î   |  |
| Max. process pressure                | 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 90 °C, metal<br>11 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 20 °C, PVDF                                       | 5 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 20 °C                                   |  |
| Process temperature                  | 0 to 140 °C   | -10 to 80 °C  |  |
| Material (in contact with medium)    | PVDF, stainless steel 1.4571/316Ti,<br>Monel  | Polypropylene (PP)  |  |
| Sealings<br>(in contact with medium) | Viton   | EPDM  |  |
| Sensor connections                   | 1 x PG 13,5   | 3 x PG 13,5   |  |
| Process connections                  | M-NPT ½"; M-NPT ¾"; thread M 25 x 1.5   | flange DN 100; adjustable flange DN<br>100; suspension bracket  |  |
| Cleaning                             | -   | external spray cleaning CPR30,<br>internal spray cleaning CPR31 |  |
| Remarks                              | application of glass<br>sensors with ¾"<br>process connections  | wet bucket  |  |
| Applications                         | water, wastewater, flocculant dosage,<br>surface water, industrial water monito-<br>ring, wastewater neutralisation | water/wastewater  |  |

# Α

### Dipfit CPA140



Flexdip CYA112



| 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 150 °C, metal<br>7 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 20 °C, PVDF                    | 1 bar <sub>abs</sub>   |  |
|--|--|--|
| PVDF: 0 to 120 °C<br>Stainless steel: -15 bis 150 °C, with<br>EPDM seal: -15 to 140 °C           | 0 to 60 °C   |  |
| PVDF, stainless steel 1.4404/316L  | PVC, stainless steel 1.4404/316L   |  |
| EPDM/Viton/Chemraz/<br>Fluoraz   | EPDM   |  |
| 3 x PG 13,5  | 1 x PG 13,5 or 1x NPT3/4" (female)   |  |
| flange DN 80 PN16; flange ANSI 3" 150<br>Ibs; flange JIS 10K 80A                                 | thread G ¾", 1"; thread NPT ¾"; 1 x<br>PG13,5  |  |
| external spray cleaning CPR30,<br>internal spray cleaning CPR31                                  | -  |  |
| mounting of KCl reservoir onto the assembly  | modular system,<br>many accessories  |  |
| chemical industry, pesticides and<br>fertilizers, petrochemical, power<br>plants, metal industry | water/wastewater<br>treatment, plant design,<br>open channels, basins,<br>open tanks and process vats,<br>fluctuating water levels |  |

### 1.4 pH assemblies

(Type of sensor see table on page 52)

|                                      | Cleanfit CPA871  | Cleanfit CPA875   |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--|
|                                      |  |   |  |
| Max. process pressure                | 17 $bar_{abs}$ (depending on version)  | 17 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 140 ℃  |  |
| Process temperature                  | -10 bis 140 $^\circ \!\!\! C$ (depending on version)   | -10 to 140 °C   |  |
| Material (in contact with medium)    | Stainless steel 1.4404/316L, Alloy C22<br>PEEK, PVDF, PVDF conductive  | Stainless steel 1.4435/316L, Alloy C22  |  |
| Sealings<br>(in contact with medium) | EPDM/FKM/FFKM  | EPDM-FDA/FKM-FDA/FFKM-FDA   |  |
| Operation                            | manual/<br>pneumatic   | manual/<br>pneumatic  |  |
| Sensor connections                   | 1 x PG 13,5  | 1 x PG 13,5   |  |
| Process connections                  | clamp 2", 2½"; flange DN 40, DN 50,<br>DN 80; flange 2", 3" (ASME B16.5);<br>flange JIS 10K50, 10K80; thread NPT<br>1½"; thread G 1¼"; dairy fitting DN 50,<br>DN 65 | clamp 1½", 2", 2½"; aseptic DN 25,<br>DN 50; Neumo Biocontrol D 65; Neumo<br>Bioconnect D 50, D 65; dairy fitting<br>DN 50, DN 65; thread G 1¼"; Varivent<br>flange |  |
| Convertible to<br>pneumatic          | yes  | yes   |  |
| Sealing to process                   | O-rings (2x)   | gasket, (version with thread G1 1/4":<br>O-ring)  |  |
| Special options                      | immersion chamber version,<br>3.1 certificate  | double chamber version  |  |
| Applications                         | water, wastewater, process   | food and life sciences<br>processes   |  |

| Cleanfit CPA450   | Cleanfit CPA451  |  |
|---|--|--|
|   |  |  |
| 5 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 130 °C,<br>13 bar <sub>abs</sub> (static, no movement<br>of the assembly allowed)   | 3 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 80 $^{\circ}$ C,<br>11 bar <sub>abs</sub> (static, no movement<br>of the assembly allowed) |  |
| -15 to 130 ℃  | 0 to 80 °C   |  |
| Stainless steel 1.4404/316L,<br>Hastelloy C22 , Titanium  | Stainless steel 1.4404/316L  |  |
| EPDM/FKM/FFKM   | FKM  |  |
| manual  | manual   |  |
| 1 x PG 13,5   | 1 x NPT 3/4" (female)  |  |
| G1 <sup>1</sup> /2" internal; G1 <sup>1</sup> /4" external; NPT 1 <sup>1</sup> /4"<br>external; flange DN32 ISO 1092-1;<br>flange ANSI 1 <sup>1</sup> /4"; G1 <sup>1</sup> /4" internal; NPT 1 <sup>1</sup> /4"<br>external; M-NPT 1 <sup>1</sup> /2" external; flange<br>ANSI 2" | G2" , flange DN50 Iso 1092-1,<br>Flange 2" ANSI  |  |
| no  | no   |  |
| ball valve  | ball valve   |  |
| Safety kit for higher process pressure,<br>3.1 certificate  | Welding socket   |  |
| water, wastewater, process  | water, wastewater  |  |

### 1.4 pH assemblies

(Type of sensor see table on page 52)

|                                      | Cleanfit CPA472D  | Cleanfit CPA473  |  |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
|                                      |   |  |  |
| Max. process pressure                | 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 100 °C, max. 140 °C  | 7 bar <sub>abs</sub> at 100 °C   |  |
| Process temperature                  | 0 to 140 °C   | PA pressure cylinder: max. 80 °C<br>Stainless steel pressure cylinder: 100<br>°C/6 bar (with continuous operation) |  |
| Material<br>(in contact with medium) | PEEK, PVDF, conductive PVDF,<br>Alloy C22, titanium, stainless steel<br>1.4571/316Ti    | Stainless steel 1.4404/316L  |  |
| Sealings<br>(in contact with medium) | EPDM/FKM/FFKM   | EPDM/FKM/FFKM  |  |
| Operation                            | manual/<br>pneumatic  | manual/<br>pneumatic   |  |
| Sensor connections                   | 1 x PG 13,5   | 1 x PG 13,5  |  |
| Process connections                  | 1¼ internal thread<br>flange DN 50,<br>DN 80,<br>2″ ANSI 150 lbs<br>flange JIS 10K 25 A | 1¼ internal thread<br>Tri-Clamp 2″<br>dairy fitting DN 65 (DIN 11 851)<br>flange DN 50,<br>2″ ANSI 150 lbs         |  |
| Convertible to pneumatic             | yes   | yes  |  |
| Sealing to process                   | O-rings (3x)  | ball valve   |  |
| Special options                      | various flow assemblies<br>PFA-lined, 3.1 certificate                                   | flow chamber, optionally with scrapers   |  |
| Applications                         | heavy-duty and process applications   | chemical industry, paper industry,<br>sticky media   |  |

### Cleanfit CPA474



7 bar<sub>abs</sub> at 80 °C PP: 0 to 60 °C PVDF/PEEK: 0 to 120 °C Polypropylene (PP)/PEEK/PVDF EPDM/FKM/FFKM manual/ pneumatic 1 x PG 13,5 DN 50 (DIN 11 851) flange DN 50, 2" ANSI 150lbs yes ball valve flow chamber, optionally with scrapers paper industry, industrial water treatment

### 1.5 Transmitter types for pH measurement





### Liquiline CM44 and CM44R

The digital four-wire transmitter offers up to 8 channels. It provides a simple and self-intuitive operation with clear text menu in 17 languages. Thanks to its suitability for measuring 12 different parameters you can mix and match all Memosens sensors in any combination. The Memosens technology is the fundament for predictive maintenance functionalities because it supplies already a lot of digital sensor data and process information.

The Heartbeat Technology available for Liquiline CM44 ensures permanent process and device diagnostics, using functionalities such as the process check system, delta slope, delta zero point or a calibration timer. This helps you to optimize your maintenance strategy. Heartbeat Technology also comprises verification routines and makes it possible to automatically generate verification reports.

Liquiline CM44 provides up to 8 current outputs 0/4 to 20 mA, up to 4 relays as well as fieldbuses like HART, PROFIBUS DP, Modbus TCP/ RTU, EtherNet/IP and Profinet. Besides the four-wire transmitter enables a comfortable remote access via Ethernet webserver. Liquiline multiparameter transmitter is available as field device and as DINrail version for mounting in cabinets and on DIN-rails.





#### Liquiline CM42

Easy and self-intuitive operation with clear text menu in 14 languages is one of your benefits with this two-wire transmitter. In addition it is applicable for Ex and Non-Ex applications. Predictive maintenance function can be used together with our Memosens sensors to indicate e.g. calibration cycles. Parameter change from pH to conductivity or dissolved oxygen is easily done by only exchanging the sensor. Use Liquiline transmitter or Memobase Plus for calibration of Memosens sensors in the laboratory. Your benefit: Pre-calibrated sensors could be exchanged in the process very quickly and this means considerably fewer interruptions of pH measurement. Available outputs besides 4 to 20 mA and HART are FOUNDATION Fieldbus and PROFIBUS PA.



#### Liquiline CM14

Liquiline CM14 is a basic transmitter that offers all you need to run a standard measuring point. It fits into the common cabinet cut-outs and is easy to commission thanks to digital Memosens technology. The Memosens hot plug & play concept allows to quickly install and commission your digital sensors.



#### Liquiline Compact CM72/CM82

The Liquiline Compact CM72 and CM82 are the smallest transmitters for Memosens sensors and are attached directly to the sensor without their own power supply. As loop-powered two-wire devices, Liquiline compact transmitters can also be directly connected to a programmable logic controller (PLC), which also serves as the power supply. The compact transmitters measure only 11 cm long and 2 cm wide and. together with the sensor, can fit into most assemblies. Despite its slender housing, the Liquiline Compact CM82 offers the complete flexibility and configurability of a multi-parameter

transmitter. In addition, it is easy and reliable to operate and configure via an encrypted Bluetooth connection using a tablet or smartphone. Using the SmartBlue app, you can see all measuring points that are within the Bluetooth range of the device, and configure them and generate diagnostics. The Liquiline Compact CM72 and CM82 can be used in hazardous and non-hazardous areas. This means that measuring points in dangerous or difficult to access locations can be checked and configured from a safe distance.



### Liquisys CPM223/CPM253

The Liquisys transmitter is available as a panel mounted version CPM223 or with field housing CPM253. Relay functions are available as an option (e.g. neutralization processes and spray cleaning function). 0/4 to 20 mA, HART or PROFIBUS PA/DP outputs can be used to connect the device to your PLC.

The transmitter is available for pH, conductivity, dissolved oxygen and chlorine. Advanced diagnostic functions such as detection of glass breakage are optional.

### 1.6 pH transmitters

|                        | Liquiline CM44/CM44R   | Liquiline CM42  |  |  |
|------------------------|--|---|--|--|
|                        |  |   |  |  |
| Measured<br>parameters | pH glass, pH ISFET, ORP, conductivity,<br>chlorine, oxygen, turbidity, nitrate, SAC,<br>ammonium, sludge level, potassium,<br>chloride   | pH glass, pH ISFET, ORP, conductivity,<br>oxygen  |  |  |
| Input                  | Memosens, 4 to 20mA, digital   | Memosens, analog  |  |  |
| Channels               | up to 8  | single-channel  |  |  |
| Power supply           | 24V DC/AC (+20/-15%)<br>100 to 230V AC, 50/60Hz (±15%)   | 12.5 to 30 V DC (HART, without HART)<br>9 bis 32 V DC (fieldbus)  |  |  |
| Output                 | up to 8 analog 0/4 to 20 mA, max. 4<br>digital, 8 relays, alarm relays, fieldbus<br>communication  | up to 2 analog 0/4 to 20 mA, fieldbus communication   |  |  |
| Display                | graphic display with plain text guidance   | graphic display with plain text guidance  |  |  |
| Degree of protection   | field device: IP66/67, NEMA Type 4X; DIN-<br>rail/cabinet controller: IP20; display: IP66  | IP66/67, NEMA Type 4X   |  |  |
| Communication          | HART, PROFIBUS DP, Modbus TCP/RTU,<br>EtherNet/IP, Profinet, Webserver   | HART, PROFIBUS PA, FOUNDATION<br>Fieldbus   |  |  |
| Housing                | plastic  | plastic, stainless steel  |  |  |
| Mounting               | post, rail, DIN-rail, wall   | wall, post, panel   |  |  |
| Approvals              | certificate of quality   | certificate of quality, ex approval   |  |  |
| Specials               | <ul> <li>4-wire multiparameter transmitter</li> <li>Heartbeat Technology</li> <li>mathematics functions</li> <li>cleaning function, controller</li> <li>quick setup function</li> <li>modular expandable, SD-Card</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>2-wire transmitter</li> <li>quick setup function</li> <li>navigator</li> <li>sensor module replaceable</li> <li>predictive maintenance system</li> <li>also suitable for analog sensors</li> </ul> |  |  |

# Α

Liquisys CPM253/ CPM223

|  | Endress Hanne (EU)  |  |
|--|---|--|
| pH glass, ORP, conductivity, oxygen  | pH glass, pH ISFET, ORP, conductivity,<br>oxygen  | pH glass, pH ISFET, ORP  |
| Memosens   | Memosens plug-in head   | Memosens, analog,  |
| single-channel   | single-channel  | single-channel   |
| 24 V to 230 V AC/DC wide range power supply  | 12.6 to 30 V DC   | 100/115/230 V AC<br>24 V AC/DC   |
| up to 2 analog 0/4 to 20 mA, 2 limit<br>contactor relays   | 1 analog 4 to 20 mA   | 2 analog (linear, optionally with user<br>defined characteristic curve), alarm<br>relays, up to 4 additional relays                      |
| 2 line, LCD with dot matrix, 7 segment   | LED red and green   | 2 line, LCD  |
| front: IP65, NEMA Type 4X;<br>housing: IP20  | IP 67/68, NEMA Type 6   | field device: IP65, NEMA Type 4X;<br>panel device: IP54 (front), IP30 (housing)  |
| -  | CM82: Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> , HART   | HART, PROFIBUS PA, PROFIBUS DP   |
| plastic  | PEEK  | plastic  |
| panel  | space-saving, directly on sensor  | wall, post, panel  |
| certificate of quality   | certificate of quality, ex approval, radio approval   | certificate of quality   |
| <ul><li> 4-wire transmitter</li><li> compact device for cabinets</li><li> cost-efficient alternative</li></ul> | <ul> <li>2-wire transmitter</li> <li>easy operation/commissioning</li> <li>connection via Bluetooth</li> <li>operation and configuration by the<br/>SmartBlue App</li> <li>space-saving installation in assemblies</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>4-wire transmitter</li> <li>cleaning via timer, Chemoclean, PID controller</li> <li>also suitable for analog sensors</li> </ul> |

Liquiline Compact CM72/CM82

Liquiline CM14

# 2. Check list

| Name:                                   |  | Company:                |       |  |  |
|---|--|-------------------------|-------|--|--|
| E-mail:                                 |  | Telephone:              |       |  |  |
|   |  | Please fill in          | Notes |  |  |
| Medium                                  | pH range   |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Conductivity [µS/cm]   |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Sulfides (S <sup>2-</sup> ), cyanides (CN <sup>-</sup> ), ammonia<br>(NH <sub>3</sub> ) [mg/l] |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Hydrofluoric acid (HF) [mg/l]  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Organic solvent content [%]  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Fatty, greasy, sticky media  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Suspended solids   |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Abrasives  |                         |       |  |  |
| Process data                            | Process temperature  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Max. process pressure  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Flow velocity  |                         |       |  |  |
| Process connection Connection type/size |  |                         |       |  |  |
| Installation                            | Ambient temperature  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Installation in pipes  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Installation in vessel   | From top:<br>From side: |       |  |  |
|   | Bypass installation  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Sample preparation   |                         |       |  |  |
| Transmitter                             | 2-/4-wire  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Ingress protection   |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Digital communication (HART, PROFIBUS, FOUNDATION Fieldbus)                                    |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Dosing to be controlled by transmitter?  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Automatic cleaning?  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Cleaning medium allowed to contaminate medium?   |                         |       |  |  |
|   | Multichannel device  |                         |       |  |  |
| Approvals/certificates                  | Ex (Ex ia, Ex d)   |                         |       |  |  |
|   | EHEDG  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | 3-A  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | FDA-listed material  |                         |       |  |  |
|   | SIL  |                         |       |  |  |

| Customer contact data: |            |
|------------------------|------------|
| Name:                  | Company:   |
| E-mail:                | Telephone: |

### Special demands/short application description/drawing:

|          |  |      | <br> |  |  |      |      |  |  |      |      |
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### 3.1 Flow chart for pH sensor selection

The selection of a pH sensor is primarily based on chemical and physical behaviors of the process medium. Combinations with process- or industryspecific requirements like hygienic requirements will reduce the choice of pH sensors suitable for certain applications. However, the key criteria are based on maximum expected lifetime and maintenance efforts like calibration or refilling of KCl.

There are basically 2 approaches:

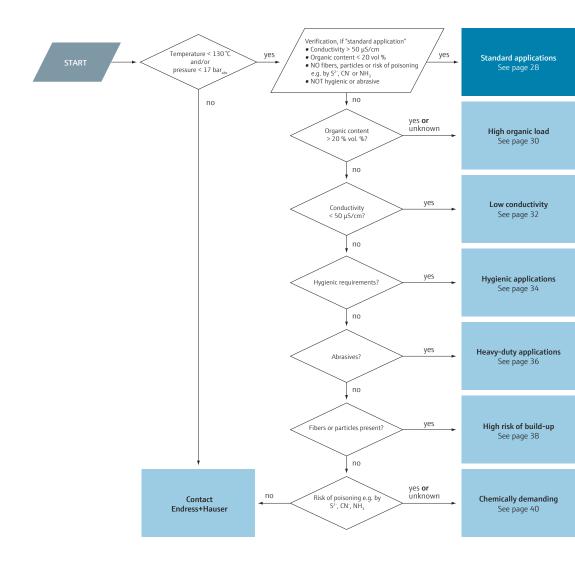
- a) First choice recommended for a given application
- b) Verifying a "known" pH sensor for a new "unknown" application

As some of the conditions might be difficult to predict there is also the choice in the flow chart "unknown".

From there you are directed to the individual chapters [3.2 - 3.8] with the indication of the recommended pH sensor including key advantages as well as application limits and alternatives. We simplified the flow chart to reduce complexity. That is why you may find combinations that require contact with specialists.

Low conductivity

Heavy-duty applications



# 3.2 Application: Standard

|  | Our pr   | oposal  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
|  | Memosens CPS11E<br>Orbisint CPS11  | Memosens CPS16E   |  | ns CPF81E<br>c CPF81   |  |
|  | attenues and the second second   | Ţ   |  |  |  |
| Advantages   | <ul> <li>Dirt-repellent PTFE</li> <li>Most universal with<br/>spectrum</li> <li>CPS16E: simultanec<br/>of pH, ORP and rH oprocess overview</li> </ul>                  | broad application   | <ul> <li>Dirt-repellent PTFE junction</li> <li>Sensor integrated in plastic holder with<br/>thread connection</li> </ul>   |  |  |
| <ul><li>Max. process pressure</li><li>pH range</li></ul> | -15 °C to +80 °C (A gla<br>0 °C to 135 °C (B glass<br>up to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>1 to 12 (A glass), 0 to   | s)<br>o 14 (B glass)  | 0 °C to 80 °C (NN version),<br>0 to 110 °C (LH version)<br>up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> (80 °C)<br>0 to 14  |  |  |
| <ul><li>Sensor lengths</li><li>Transmission</li></ul>    | 120, 225, 360 and 42<br>Memosens and TOP6  |   | Memosens, TOP68 a  | nd fixed cable   |  |
| <pre>Application limits</pre>                            | <ul> <li>Heavily soiling<br/>media need spray<br/>cleaning –<br/>see assembly<br/>page 12 ff.</li> <li>Slower response of<br/>sensor with PTFE<br/>junction</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>liquid-filled<br/>CPS41/CPS41E<br/>with ceramic<br/>junction<br/>or CPS31E with<br/>three ceramic<br/>junctions</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Heavily soiling<br/>media need spray<br/>cleaning –<br/>see assembly<br/>page 12 ff.</li> <li>Slower response of<br/>sensor with PTFE<br/>junction</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>liquid-filled<br/>CPS41/CPS41E<br/>with ceramic<br/>junction</li> </ul> |  |

| Application: Standard   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Conditions  | Process  | Typ. liquids                               |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Conductivity &gt; 50 µS/cm</li> <li>Organic content &lt; 20 vol %</li> <li>NOT hygienic or abrasive</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Neutralization</li><li>Water treatment</li></ul> | <ul><li>Water</li><li>Wastewater</li></ul> |  |  |  |  |

| Memoser<br>Ceraliqu   | is CPS41E<br>id CPS41  | Memosens CPS31E<br>Ceratex CPS31   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
|   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Fast response time<br/>junction and liquid</li> <li>More soiling-resista<br/>flushing of junction</li> </ul>   | filling<br>ant due to continuous   | <ul> <li>Fast response tim<br/>junction</li> <li>Less fouling due t<br/>filling</li> <li>For chlorine conta<br/>due to special cor<br/>reference elemen</li> </ul> | to silver chloride<br>aining applications<br>astruktion of the |  |
| -15 °C to 80 °C (A glass),<br>0 °C to 135 °C (B glass)<br>up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> , CPY7B KCl vessel<br>with counter pressure necessary<br>2 to 12 (A glass), 0 to 14 (B glass)<br>120, 225, 360 and 425 mm<br>Memosens and TOP68 |  | -15 to 80°C<br>up to 4 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>1 to 12<br>120 mm<br>Memosens, TOP68  | and KOAX   |  |
| <ul> <li>Manual refilling<br/>of electrolyte<br/>vessel CPYB7<br/>necessary</li> <li>Heavily soiling<br/>media needed<br/>spray cleaning –<br/>see assembly<br/>page 12 ff.</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>gel-filled<br/>CPS11/CPS11E<br/>or<br/>CPF81/CPF81E     </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>sensitive to<br/>soiling media<br/>due to small<br/>pores of<br/>ceramic<br/>junction</li> </ul>  | ► gel-filled<br>CPS11/CPS11E<br>or CPF81/<br>CPF81E            |  |

29

B

Standard application

# 3.3 Application: High organic load

|  | Our proposal   |   |   |       |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|---|-------|--|--|--|
|  | Memoser  | is CPS47E   | Memosens CPS77E   |       |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |   |       |  |  |  |
| Advantages   | <ul> <li>No aging effect of IS<br/>organics</li> <li>Stable and fast mea<br/>liquid reference</li> </ul> |   | <ul> <li>No aging effect of ISFET chip because of organics</li> <li>Up to 95 % organic content possible</li> </ul>            |       |  |  |  |
| Technical data Process temperature Max. process pressure pH range    | -15 °C to 135 °C<br>up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> , KCl ve<br>with counter pressure<br>0 to 14             |   | -15 °C to 135 °C<br>up to 11 <sub>abs</sub> bar<br>0 to 14  |       |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>Sensor lengths</li><li>Transmission</li></ul>                | 120, 225, 360 and 42<br>Memosens   | 25 mm   | 120, 225, 360 and 42<br>Memosens  | 25 mm |  |  |  |
| Application limits <ul> <li>■ alternative         product</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Hot caustics for<br/>long periods e.g.<br/>during "CIP"</li> <li>Soiling media</li> </ul>       | <ul> <li>Glass sensor<br/>CPS41E</li> <li>CPS41E<br/>and automatic<br/>cleaning with<br/>Liquiline Control<br/>[see page 55]</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Remark: Generally<br/>automatic<br/>cleaning with<br/>Liquiline Control<br/>[see page 55]<br/>recommended</li> </ul> |       |  |  |  |

B

| Application: High organic load  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Conditions  | Process/industry                                   | Typ. liquids                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Organic content &gt; 20 vol %</li> <li>NO fibers, particles or risk of poisoning e.g. by S<sup>2-</sup>, CN<sup>-</sup> or NH<sub>3</sub></li> <li>NOT abrasive</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Dye and pigment<br/>production</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Impregnating resin</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |



# 3.4 Application: Low conductivity

|   | Our pro   | oposal         |   |   |  |
|---|---|----------------|---|---|--|
|   | Memosens<br>Orbisin   |                | Memosens CPS41E<br>Ceraliquid CPS41   |   |  |
|   | With salt   | storage        |   |   |  |
| Advantages  | <ul> <li>No electrolyte refilli</li> </ul>  | ng necessary   | <ul> <li>Fast response time due to ceramic<br/>junction and liquid filling</li> <li>Extended lifetime because of continuous<br/>electrolyte refilling</li> </ul>  |   |  |
| Technical data <ul> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Max. process pressure</li> <li>pH range</li> <li>Sensor lengths</li> <li>Transmission</li> </ul> | -15 °C to 80 °C (A glas<br>up to 7 <sub>abs</sub> bar<br>1 to 12 (A glass)<br>120, 225, 360 and 42<br>Memosens and TOP6 | 25 mm          | -15 °C to 80 °C (A glass),<br>0 °C to 135 °C (B glass)<br>up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> , KCl vessel CPY7B<br>with counter pressure necessary<br>2 to 12 (A glass), 0 to 14 (B glass)<br>120, 225, 360 and 425 mm<br>Memosens and TOP68 |   |  |
| <pre>Application limits</pre>   | <ul> <li>Limited lifetime<br/>of approx. 6<br/>months until salt<br/>storage is used up</li> </ul>                      | ► CPS41/CPS41E | <ul> <li>Manual refilling<br/>of electrolyte<br/>vessel necessary</li> <li>Chance of<br/>continuous<br/>outflow of KCI<br/>traces</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Gel-filled<br/>CPS11/CPS11E<br/>with salt storage</li> <li>CPS11/CPS11E</li> </ul> |  |

B

| Application: Low conductivity  |                  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Conditions   | Process/industry | Typ. liquids  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Conductivity &lt; 50 μS/cm</li> <li>NO fibers, particles or risk of poisoning e.g. by S2<sup>-</sup>, CN<sup>-</sup> or NH<sub>3</sub></li> <li>NOT abrasive</li> </ul> | Power            | <ul> <li>Boiler water</li> <li>Pure/ultra pure<br/>water</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |

B

# 3.5 Application: Hygienic

| Hygienic<br>applications |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Hygi<br>appl             |  |

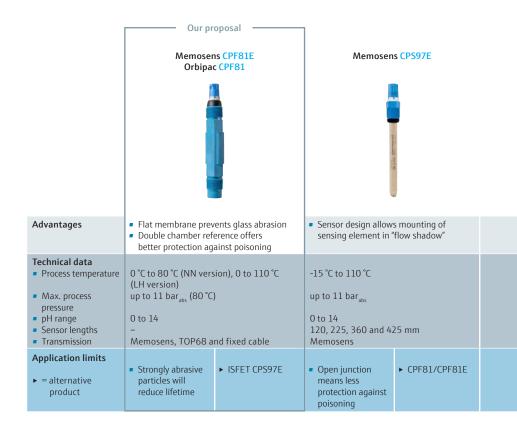
| Our proposal  |   |  |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
|   | Memosens CPS61E   |  | Memosens CPS77E   |   |  |
|   |   |  |   |   |  |
| Advantages  | <ul> <li>"Certificate of complian<br/>compatibility available -</li> <li>Pressurized reference viresistance against block</li> <li>Upside down version for</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>CIP/SIP resistant<br/>ersion available for better<br/>king</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Non-glass ISFET sensor</li> <li>"Certificate of compliance" for<br/>bio-compatibility available</li> </ul> |   |  |
| <ul><li>Technical data</li><li>Process temperature</li></ul>              | 0 °C to 135 °C  |  | -15 °C to 135 °C  |   |  |
| <ul> <li>Max. process<br/>pressure</li> </ul>                             | up to 14 bar <sub>abs</sub> , up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> for upside down version, up to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub> for pressurized reference                               |  | up to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub>   |   |  |
| <ul> <li>pH range</li> </ul>  | 0 to 14   |  | 0 to 14   |   |  |
| <ul><li>Sensor lengths</li><li>Transmission</li></ul>                     | 120, 225, 360 and 425 r<br>Memosens   | mm   | 120, 225, 360 and 425 mm<br>Memosens  |   |  |
| Application limits <ul> <li>■ alternative         product     </li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Risk of glass<br/>breakage</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Non-glass ISFET<br/>sensors CPS77E/<br/>CPS47E</li> </ul>             | <ul> <li>Hot caustics<br/>for long<br/>periods e.g.<br/>during "CIP"</li> <li>Soiling media</li> </ul>              | <ul> <li>Retract sensor<br/>during cleaning<br/>cycle or use<br/>CPS61E</li> <li>CPS61E and/<br/>or automatic<br/>cleaning<br/>[see page 55]</li> </ul> |  |

| Application: Hygienic  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Conditions   | Process/industry                             | Typ. liquids   |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>Organic content &lt; 20 vol %</li><li>NOT abrasive</li></ul> | <ul><li>Food</li><li>Life sciences</li></ul> | <ul><li>Fermentation</li><li>WFI (water for injection)</li></ul> |  |  |  |

|   | Memoser  | IS CPS47E  | Ceramax  | CPS341D   |                          |
|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------------|
|   |  |  | ų  |   |                          |
|   | <ul> <li>Non-glass ISFET see</li> <li>Liquid-filled referended</li> <li>blocking</li> </ul>        |  | <ul> <li>Long term stability</li> <li>Less calibration</li> <li>Lifetime up to approx. 5 years</li> <li>Less risk of breakage</li> <li>Direct mounting in process with<br/>hygienic process connection</li> <li>Fast response</li> </ul> |   | c<br>tions               |
|   |  |  | <ul> <li>Highly viscous media</li> </ul>   |   | Hygienic<br>applications |
|   | -15 °C to 135 °C   |  | 0 °C to 140 °C   |   |                          |
|   |  | o to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> , KCl vessel CPY7B with up to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub> bunter pressure necessary  |  |   |                          |
| 0 to 14<br>120, 225, 360 and 425 mm<br>Memosens |  | 0 to 10 (measuring range), 1 to 14<br>(application)<br>–<br>Memosens   |  |   |                          |
|   | <ul> <li>Hot caustics for<br/>long periods e.g.<br/>during "CIP"</li> <li>Soiling media</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Retract sensor<br/>during cleaning<br/>cycle or use<br/>CPS61E, CPS71E</li> <li>Automatic<br/>cleaning [see<br/>page 55] and/or<br/>CPS61E, CPS71E</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Manual refilling<br/>of electrolyte<br/>vessel necessary</li> <li>Significantly<br/>higher<br/>investment costs<br/>than standard<br/>sensor</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>gel-filled<br/>CPS61E<br/>or<br/>CPS77E</li> </ul> |                          |

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### 3.6 Application: Heavy-duty – abrasive



| Application: Heavy-duty – abrasive  |                            |                              |  |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Conditions  | Process/industry           | Typ. liquids                 |  |
| <ul> <li>Conductivity &gt; 50 µS/cm</li> <li>Organic content &lt; 20 vol %</li> <li>NOT hygienic</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Mining</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Slurries</li> </ul> |  |

# 3. Selection of suitable pH sensor

## 3.7 Application: High risk of build-up

|  | Our p   | roposal ————  |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
|  | Memosens CPS91E<br>Orbipore CPS91   | Memosens CPS96E   | Memosens CPS11E<br>Orbisint CPS11  | Memosens<br>CPS16E   |
|  | a diaman in the   |   |  |  |
| Advantages   | <ul> <li>Open junction is less prone to blocking</li> <li>Good poison resistance due to ion trap of<br/>CPS96E or CPS91E "TH version"</li> <li>CPS96E: Simultaneous measurement of<br/>pH, ORP and rH values for better process<br/>overview</li> </ul> |   | <ul> <li>Dirt-repellent PTFE j</li> <li>Most universal with<br/>spectrum</li> <li>Excellent poison resi<br/>trap of CPS16E and I</li> <li>CPS16E: Simultaneo<br/>pH, ORP and rH valu<br/>overview</li> </ul> | broad application<br>stance due to ion<br>CPS11E "TA version"<br>us measurement of |
| <ul> <li>Technical data</li> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Max. process<br/>pressure</li> <li>pH range</li> <li>Sensor lengths</li> <li>Transmission</li> </ul> | 0 °C to 110 °C<br>up to 14 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>0 to 14<br>120, 225, 360 and 4<br>Memosens and TOP6  |   | -15 °C to 80 °C (A glas<br>0 °C to 135 °C (B glass<br>up to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>1 to 12 (A glass), 0 to<br>120, 225, 360 and 42<br>Memosens and TOP6  | )<br>9 14 (B glass)<br>25 mm   |
| Application limits<br>► = alternative product  | <ul> <li>Extreme risk of poisoning</li> <li>Heavily soiling media</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>CPS11/CPS11E<br/>with option "TA",<br/>CPS16E</li> <li>automatic<br/>cleaning [see<br/>page 55]</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>With small particle<br/>sizes risk of<br/>blocking</li> </ul>   | ▶ CPS91/CPS91E,<br>CPS96E  |

| Application: High risk of build up  |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Conditions  | Process/industry  | Typ. liquids   |  |
| <ul> <li>Conductivity &gt; 50 µS/cm</li> <li>Organic content &lt; 20 vol %</li> <li>NOT hygienic or abrasive</li> </ul> | <ul><li>Pulp and paper</li><li>Process industry</li></ul> | <ul> <li>Paper bleaching</li> <li>Emulsions</li> <li>Flue gas<br/>desulfurization</li> </ul> |  |

B

# 3. Selection of suitable pH sensor

## 3.8 Application: Chemically demanding

|  | Our pr   | oposal                             | ]   |  |
|--|--|------------------------------------|---|--|
|  | Memosens CPS71E<br>Ceragel CPS71   | Memosens<br>CPS76E                 | Memosens CPS11E<br>Orbisint CPS11   | Memosens<br>CPS16E   |
|  | (TP version)   | (TP version)                       | (TA version)  |  |
| Advantages   | <ul> <li>Fast response time v<br/>electrolyte</li> <li>Pressurized reference<br/>resistance against pi</li> <li>CPS76E: Simultanece<br/>pH, ORP and rH value<br/>overview</li> </ul> | e version for better<br>oisoning   | <ul> <li>Dirt-repellent PTFE</li> <li>Excellent poison restrap in the reference</li> <li>Most universal with spectrum</li> <li>CPS16E: Simultanec</li> <li>pH, ORP and rH valuoverview</li> </ul> | istance due to ion<br>broad application  |
| <ul> <li>Technical data</li> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Max. process pressure</li> <li>pH range</li> <li>Sensor lengths</li> <li>Transmission</li> </ul> | 0 °C to 100 °C<br>up to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub> for pres<br>0 to 14<br>120, 225, 360 and 42   | 25 mm                              | -15 °C to 80 °C (A glas<br>0 °C to 135 °C (B glass<br>up to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>1 to 12 (A glass), 0 to<br>120, 225, 360 and 4   | 5)<br>9 14 (B glass)<br>25 mm  |
| <ul> <li>Transmission</li> <li>Application limits</li> <li>= alternative<br/>product</li> </ul>  | Memosens and TOP6  | <ul> <li>▶ CPS41/CPS41E</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Memosens and TOPE</li> <li>Slower response<br/>time due to<br/>memory effects<br/>of PTFE junction</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>CPS41/CPS41E<br/>or<br/>CPS71/CPS71E<br/>"TP version",<br/>CPS76E "TP<br/>version"</li> </ul> |

| Application: Chemically demanding   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Conditions  | Process/industry  | Typ. liquids   |  |
| <ul> <li>Risk of poisoning e.g. by S<sup>2-</sup>,<br/>CN<sup>-</sup> or NH<sub>3</sub></li> <li>Conductivity &gt; 50 μS/cm</li> <li>Organic content &lt; 20 vol %</li> <li>NOT hygienic or abrasive</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Batch reactors</li> <li>Mixture monitoring</li> <li>Neutralisation</li> <li>Make up water in<br/>chemical industry</li> <li>Dye and pigment<br/>synthesis</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>HCN production</li> <li>Chemical process<br/>solutions</li> </ul> |  |

## Memosens CPS41E Ceraliquid CPS41



| • | Fast response time due to ceramic |
|---|-----------------------------------|
|   | junction and liquid filling       |

 Extended lifetime with outstanding poison resistance because of continuous reference refilling

-15 °C to 80 °C (A glass), 0 °C to 135 °C (B glass) up to 11 bar\_{abs'} KCl vessel CPY7B with counter pressure necessary

1 to 12 (A glass), 0 to 14 (B glass) 120, 225, 360 and 425 mm Memosens and TOP68

| <ul> <li>Manual refilling of</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>gel-filled</li> </ul> |
|---|--------------------------------|
| electrolyte vessel                      | CPS11 "BT ver-                 |
| necessary                               | sion, CPS11E                   |
|   | "TA version",                  |
|   | CPS16E                         |
|   | or                             |
|   | CPS71/CPS71E                   |
|   | "TP version",                  |
|   | CPS76E "TP                     |
|   | version"                       |

### 4.1 Flow chart for assembly selection

#### General considerations

Correct assembly selection requires consideration of the installation and application conditions as well as pH sensor selection.

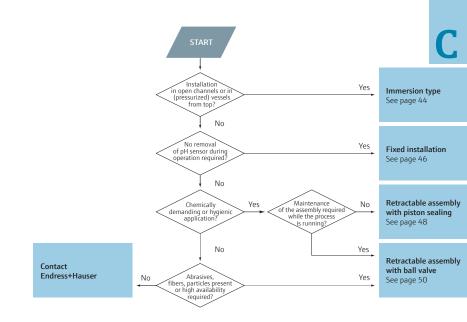
Please be aware that several retractable assemblies are available in different versions suitable for either gel or liquid-filled sensors. Retrofitting from one version to another is either impossible or needs a lot of effort. Make sure that you select an assembly which fits with the pH sensor. See table 4.6 on page 48 for details.

For chemically demanding and safety relevant applications, ball-valve sealed assemblies should be preferred due to complete mechanical isolation during exchange process. Manual retraction of assemblies with a sliding drive is only possible up to 2 bar process pressure, manual assemblies with rotary drive can be retracted at pressures up to 8 bar although the assemblies are suitable for higher pressures during normal operation. For retraction at a higher pressure you need a pneumatic version.

Same holds true for automatic measuring, cleaning and calibration. In case you want to use our Liquiline Control or Chemoclean Plus please select a pneumatically driven retractable assembly as most manual versions can not be converted. When using 2 Memosens pH sensors for a measuring point - one in the application and the 2nd one the calibration / recovery cycle, retractable assemblies or bypass installations are required to enable exchange of pH sensors without interrupting the process.

In case of hygienic applications, the selection is based on process requirements (e.g. ..., you will find corresponding recommendations in the different sections).

Retractable assembly with ball valve



## 4.2 Immersion type

| e.       |    |
|----------|----|
| <u>i</u> |    |
| rs       |    |
| ne       | ē  |
| Ē        | d. |
| -        | +  |

|   | Our pr  | oposal   |   |                  |
|---|---|--|---|------------------|
|   | Flexdip   | CYA112   | Dipfit CPA111   |                  |
|   |   |  | Î   |                  |
| Advantages  | <ul> <li>Modular system for different kinds of<br/>mounting e.g. exchangeable for one pH<br/>or turbidity sensor</li> </ul>   |  | <ul> <li>3 sensor slots for redundant<br/>measurement</li> <li>Flexible immersion depth by chemically<br/>resistant pipes</li> <li>Spray cleaning head as option</li> </ul> |                  |
| <ul> <li>Technical data</li> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Max. process<br/>pressure</li> <li>Material of wetted<br/>parts</li> <li>Process connection</li> <li>Immersion depth</li> </ul> | 0 to 60 °C<br>1 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>PVC; stainless steel 1.4404/316L, EPDM<br>Different holder systems, float ball,<br>chain from Nylon hanging, pendulum<br>frame mounting<br>600 to 3600 mm |  | -10 to 80 °C<br>1 to 5 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>Polypropylene (PP), E<br>Flange DN 100, adjus<br>100, hanging bracket<br>500 to 3000 mm  | stable flange DN |
| Application limits<br>► = alternative product   | <ul> <li>Long immersion<br/>depth or version<br/>for high lateral<br/>load like agitation<br/>on request</li> <li>Pressurization</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>▶ CPA111</li> <li>▶ CPA140</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>High lateral load<br/>like agitation</li> </ul>  | ► CPA140         |

# Installation in open channels, basins and in closed vessels from top

Immersion assemblies are usually used for installation in open channels and basins fixed by chains or on a rail. Versions with flanges can as well be used for installation of the sensor from the top of a vessel. Typical applications are e.g. municipal and industrial wastewater.

### Dipfit CPA140



- 3 sensor slots for redundant measurement
- Robust process sealing thanks to the bayonet mounting method

-10 to 150 °C 1 to 11 bar<sub>abs</sub>

PVDF, stainless steel 1.4404/316L, EPDM, FKM, FFKM Flange DN 80, ANSI 3" and JIS

#### 500 to 2500 mm

 Service-friendly change of sensor  retractable CPA450 or CPA473



## 4.3 Fixed installation

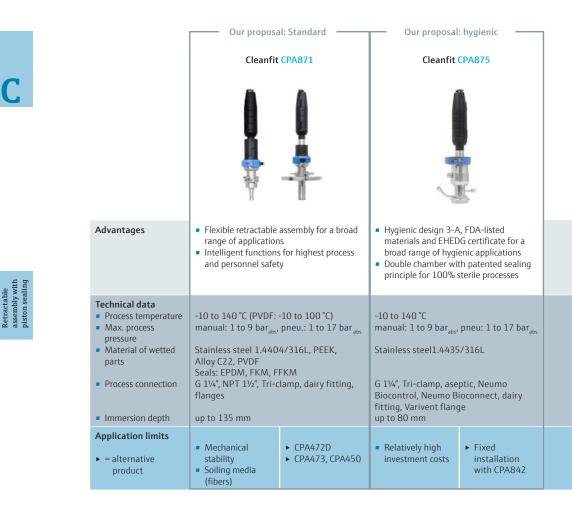
|  | Our proposal: Standard  |               |   |   | 1 |
|--|---|---------------|---|---|---|
|  | Flowfit   | Flowfit CYA21 |   | Flowfit CPA250  |   |
|  |   |               |   |   |   |
| Advantages   | <ul> <li>Compact design; ideal for limited space applications</li> <li>Compatible with common tube fitting systems</li> </ul> |               | <ul> <li>3 sensor slots for redundant<br/>measurement</li> <li>Polypropylene (PP) flow through type</li> <li>Easy calibration by detachable<br/>calibration vessel</li> </ul> |   |   |
| <ul> <li>Technical data</li> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Max. process<br/>pressure</li> <li>Material of wetted<br/>parts</li> <li>Process connection</li> </ul> | 0 to 100°C<br>1 to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>Stainless steel 1.4404/316L<br>Pipe 6mm (OD)                                      |               | 0 to 80 °C<br>1 to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>Polypropylene (PP), EPDM<br>Thread G1, NPT 1"  |   |   |
| <ul> <li>Immersion depth</li> </ul>  | -   |               | -   |   |   |
| Application limits ► = alternative product   | <ul> <li>Redundant mea-<br/>surements, high<br/>flow capacity</li> </ul>  | ▶ CPA240      | <ul> <li>Installation in<br/>tank or vessel</li> <li>Temperature<br/>&gt; 80 ℃</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>CPA640 or<br/>CPA842</li> <li>CPA240, CYA21</li> </ul> |   |

### Installation in pipes/bypass with flow through or insertion type assembly

Suitable for processes which do not need frequent replacement or calibration of pH sensors. For applications with pressure in pipe medium flow has to be interrupted in the pipe or bypass to get access to the sensor by an external valve.



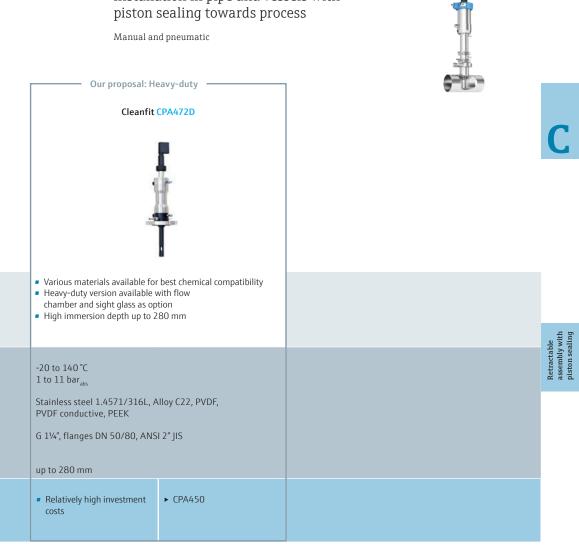
### 4.4 Retractable assembly (with piston sealing)



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### Installation in pipe and vessels with piston sealing towards process

Manual and pneumatic



## 4.5 Retractable assembly (with ball valve)

|  | Our proposa  | al: manual | Our proposal  | : pneumatic      |
|--|--|------------|---|------------------|
|  | Cleanfit   | CPA450     | Cleanfit CPA473   |                  |
|  |  |            |   |                  |
| Advantages   | <ul> <li>Variable immersion depths up to 700 mm</li> <li>Open sensor protection guard prevents<br/>fibers from sticking round the sensor</li> <li>Safety kit to protect of higher<br/>pressure</li> </ul>  |            | <ul> <li>Open sensor protection guard and tape<br/>wiper prevents fibers from sticking<br/>round the sensor e.g. media in pulp &amp;<br/>paper, mining</li> </ul> |                  |
| <ul> <li>Technical data</li> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Max. process<br/>pressure</li> <li>Material of wetted<br/>parts</li> <li>Process connection</li> <li>Immersion depth</li> <li>Operation</li> </ul> | 0 to 130 °C<br>1 to 5 bar <sub>abs</sub> retraction;<br>1 to 17 bar <sub>abs</sub> static<br>SS 316L and Hastelloy C22, titanium,<br>EPDM, FKM, FFKM<br>G 1¼", G 1½" NPT ½", flanges DN 32,<br>ANSI 1½" and 2"<br>3 types: from 100 up to 700 mm<br>manual |            | 0 to 100 °C<br>1 to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>SS 316L, FKM, FFKM<br>G 1¼", dairy DN 50, fl<br>up to 230 mm<br>manual/pneumatic                                      | anges DN 50/ANSI |
| Application limits<br>► = alternative product  | <ul> <li>Not for KCl<br/>electrodes</li> <li>Insertion on<br/>higher pressure<br/>4 to 10 bar</li> </ul>   | ▶ CPA473   | <ul> <li>Remark:<br/>For sticky and<br/>abrasive medium<br/>choose "tape<br/>wiper option"</li> </ul>   |                  |

# Installation in pipes and vessels with ball valve



- Ball valve offers safety process sealingManual and/or pneumatic

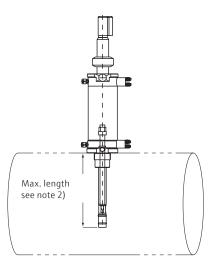
| Cleanfit CP  | PA474                              | Cleanfit CPA451  |   |  |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  |                                    |  | •   |  | C                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Suitable for aggressiv</li> <li>Open sensor protection</li> <li>wiper prevents fibers</li> <li>round the sensor e.g.</li> <li>paper, mining</li> </ul>        | on guard and tape<br>from sticking | <ul> <li>Suitable for CPF81</li> <li>Open sensor prote<br/>prevents fibers fro<br/>the sensor</li> </ul>   | ection guard  |  |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 to 120 °C<br>1 to 7 bar <sub>abs</sub><br>Polypropylene (PP), PV<br>EPDM, FKM, FFKM<br>G 1¼", dairy DN 50,<br>flanges DN 50/ANSI<br>up to 207 mm<br>manual/pneumatic | ′DF, PEEK,                         | 0 to 80°C<br>1 to 3 bar <sub>abs</sub> retracti<br>1 to 11 bar <sub>abs</sub> static<br>Stainless steel 1.440<br>G2" female, flange D<br>flange 2" ANSI<br>up to 270mm<br>manual | 04/316L   |  | Retractable<br>assembly with |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>PP/PVDF/PEEK<br/>chemically not<br/>compatible</li> </ul>   | ▶ CPA473                           | <ul> <li>Chemical<br/>resistivity,<br/>specifications</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>12 mm sensor<br/>with another<br/>Cleanfit<br/>assembly</li> </ul> |  |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |

assembly wit ball valve

# 4.6 Required pH sensor length and immersion depth for various assemblies

|   |                               |   | Glass sensors               |                                |                             |                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|   |                               | Maximum<br>immersion<br>depth <sup>2)</sup> | CPS11/<br>CPS11E/<br>CPS16E | CPS41/<br>CPS41E <sup>1)</sup> | CPS71/<br>CPS71E/<br>CPS76E | CPS91/<br>CPS91E/<br>CPS96E |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA111  |                               | see note 3)                                 | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CYA112  |                               | see note 3), 5)                             | 120 mm                      | -                              | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA140<br>CPA240<br>CYA21<br>CPA250<br>CPA842 |                               | see note 3)                                 | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                               | not applicable                              | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                               | not applicable                              | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |                               | not applicable                              | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA842  |                               | 73 mm                                       | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA640  |                               | 85 mm                                       | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                         | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA450  |                               | see note 3)                                 | 120 mm                      | n/a                            | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA472D                                       | short                         | 146 mm                                      | 225 mm                      | 360 mm                         | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | long                          | 280 mm                                      | 360 mm                      | n/a                            | 360 mm                      | 360 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA473  | short                         | 100 mm                                      | 225 mm                      | 425 mm                         | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CFA473  | long                          | 230 mm                                      | 360 mm                      | n/a                            | 360 mm                      | 360 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA474  | short                         | 76 mm                                       | 225 mm                      | 425 mm                         | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CF/4/4  | long                          | 207 mm                                      | 360 mm                      | n/a                            | 360 mm                      | 360 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | basic short                   | 36 mm                                       | 120 mm *4)                  | n/a                            | 120 mm                      | 120 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | basic long                    | 78 mm                                       | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                         | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA871  | immersion<br>chamber<br>short | 135 mm                                      | 225 mm                      | n/a                            | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | immersion<br>chamber<br>long  | 187 mm                                      | 360 mm                      | 360 mm                         | 360 mm                      | 360 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | single<br>chamber<br>short    | 36 mm                                       | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                         | 225 mm                      | 225 mm                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CPA875  | single<br>chamber<br>long     | 78 mm                                       | 225 mm<br>360 mm            | n/a<br>360 mm                  | 225 mm<br>360 mm            | 225 mm<br>360 mm            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | double<br>chamber             | 78 mm                                       | 225 mm<br>360 mm<br>360 mm  | n/a<br>360 mm<br>n/a           | 225 mm<br>360 mm<br>360 mm  | 225 mm<br>360 mm<br>360 mm  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| CPS47E <sup>1</sup> )         CPS77E         CPS97E           120 mm         120 mm         120 mm           120 mm         120 mm         120 mm |  |
|---|--|
| 120 mm       120 mm       120 mm   |  |
| 120 mm         120 mm         120 mm  |  |
| 120 mm         120 mm         120 mm  |  |
| 120 mm         120 mm         120 mm           120 mm         120 mm         120 mm           120 mm         120 mm         120 mm  |  |
| 120 mm         120 mm         120 mm           120 mm         120 mm         120 mm   |  |
| 120 mm 120 mm 120 mm  |  |
|   |  |
| 120 mm 120 mm 120 mm  |  |
|   |  |
| n/a 120 mm 120 mm   |  |
| 360 mm 225 mm 225 mm  |  |
| n/a 360 mm 360 mm   |  |
| 425 mm 225 mm 225 mm  |  |
| n/a 360 mm 360 mm   |  |
| 425 mm 225 mm 225 mm  |  |
| n/a 360 mm 360 mm   |  |
| n/a 120 mm 120 mm   |  |
| 225 mm 225 mm 225 mm  |  |
| n/a 225 mm 225 mm   |  |
| 360 mm 360 mm 360 mm  |  |
| 225 mm 225 mm 225 mm  |  |
| n/a 225 mm 225 mm 360 mm  |  |
| n/a 225 mm 225 mm<br>360 mm 360 mm<br>n/a 360 mm 360 mm   |  |



### Notes:

- Liquid-filled [KCl]
   The indicated length is the maximum length which must be considered e.g. for installation in pipes to ensure mechanical space; depending on process connection it may be shorter for the individual assembly (see drawing)
- 3) Depending on length of immersion assembly
- 4) Not CPS16E
- 5) CPF81E can be combined with CYA112 or CPA451

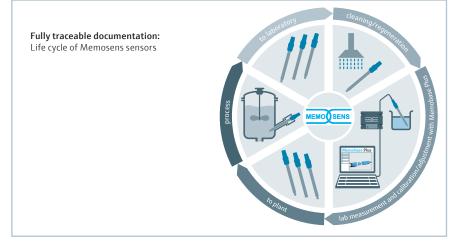
# 5. Life cycle management of pH measuring loops

# 5.1 Optimum calibration concept for the lab thanks to Memosens and Memobase Plus

With Memosens technology, analog signals are converted to digital signals directly in the sensor. This is why the sensor is also the only component that must be checked and calibrated regularly. The cable and transmitter do not affect the measured value unlike in an analog system which can be sensitive to moisture and electromagnetic interferences.

Memosens sensors not only determine and transfer the measured value but also save additional process data. This data can include operating hours at higher temperatures, for example, or maximum temperatures occurring in the process. This information enables predictive maintenance. In addition, current calibration data such as the slope and zero point of the pH sensor are also saved. Using Memosens technology, you can therefore replace the sensor quickly and easily in the process with a clean, pre-calibrated sensor. The measured value controlling your process is thus available immediately once again. Important maintenance measures such as sensor calibration can then take place in the comfortable surroundings of the laboratory – under constant and perfect conditions and with all of the necessary tools available there. This is much faster than at the site where the sensor is used in the process.

The Memobase Plus software acts as the perfect complement to support the concept of laboratory calibration. This sensor and data management software allows you to calibrate and check your sensors very easily. Furthermore, Memobase Plus saves all sensor and calibration data in a database allowing you to create visualizations and reports automatically and export data. In addition to pH glass sensors and pH ISFET sensors, the software supports sensors for ORP, conductivity and dissolved oxygen. Memobase Plus is available in 12 languages and linked to Endress+Hauser's W@M Portal. This enables professional life cycle management of all the sensors used in the process.



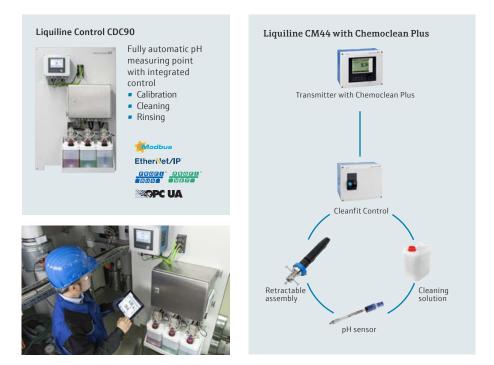
### 5.2 Fully automatic measuring, calibration and cleaning

#### Liquiline Control

If it's a case of upgrading a manual measuring point to a fully automated pH system, you will find the ideal solution in Liquiline Control CDC90. The system ensures continuous maintenance of the sensors. This guarantees a high degree of accuracy and the highest degree of availability of your pH measuring point. Thanks to its web-based technology, Liquiline Control CDC90 supports remote access from anywhere at any time – directly via your process control systems or any mobile device such as tablets, smartphones or notebooks.

### Liquiline with Chemoclean Plus

The Liquiline multiparameter transmitter with Chemoclean Plus is the variable solution for automatic sensor cleaning. Liquiline features four independent relays to control a retractable assembly and cleaner supply. The system is supplemented by a compact valve block thus offering the flexibility of a multichannel device together with the option of automatically cleaning the connected sensors.



## 5. Life cycle management of pH loops

### 5.3 Lifetime of pH sensors

You might be wondering why there are so many different pH sensors and options available. The problem lies in the measuring principle. On the one hand the sensing element, glass or ISFET (ion selective field effect transistor) is directly in contact with the medium. Any deposits, abrasive particles, mechanical stress and aggressive chemicals will have an impact on the measurement accuracy and/or lifetime of the sensor. Additionally, the junction of the pH sensor brings the reference system in direct contact with the medium. Ions which react with the silver reference wire like e.g. sulfides and cyanides can destroy the reference system. Blockage of the junction would interrupt the measurement and dilution of the reference solution changes the potential of the reference system. The latter effect is the reason why a pH sensor has to be calibrated and adjusted regularly. Problems with wet connectors or ground leaks are not any longer an issue with Memosens technology.

There is no reasonable answer to the question: What is the lifetime of the sensor? Sensor lifetime depends on sensor choice, cleaning intervals and of course your application. pH sensors have therefore to be considered as consumables.



### 5.4 Accreditation for permanent pH buffer laboratory

Correct measurement of the pH value not only serves to ensure that limit values are adhered to, but the pH value is also often used as a reference variable for product quality or used directly for control purposes. The requirements for pH measurement are extremely tough, and this applies across the entire measuring range of 14 orders of magnitude. Measurement accuracy and reproducibility begin and end with correct calibration of the pH measuring point.

For calibration, pH buffer solutions are used worldwide across all sectors. The zero point and slope of a pH sensor are important reference variables for the quality of a pH measurement. These are calculated using two different pH buffer solutions.



The accuracy of the later pH measurement in the process is directly dependent on the quality and accuracy of the specified pH value of the pH buffer solutions. For many years now, Endress+Hauser Conducta has been manufacturing quality buffers for the following pH values: 2.00, 4.00, 7.00, 9.00, 9.22, 10.00 and 12.00. They meet even the tough requirements of the life sciences industry and contain only FDA-listed preservatives.



Endress+Hauser Liquid Analysis underwent the DKD's demanding accreditation procedure in accordance with DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005. On May 5, 2009, the accreditation body granted the authority to issue calibration certificates for pH buffer solutions. On August 31, 2020, the accreditation body renewed the accreditation for the permanent calibration laboratory in Waldheim, Saxony with the DAR registration number D-K-15193-01.

The accreditation is regularly repeated and confirms that the actual values and maximum deviations of the manufactured pH buffer solutions are determined in a manner that is correct and traceable. In the measuring range of pH 2 - 10, the smallest specifiable measuring uncertainty of 0.02 applies. In the measuring range of pH > 10 - 12.5, the smallest specifiable measuring uncertainly of 0.05 applies. This means that customers can rely completely on Endress+Hauser's pH quality buffers. Users from all industrial sectors benefit from the reliability of these calibration solutions.



## 5. Life cycle management of pH loops

### 5.5 Steam/water analysis systems

Steam production consumes a high amount of energy within industrial processes. The usage of high quality water in boiler applications of power plants and utility departments prevents corrosion processes and build-up. This ensures keeping the boiler efficiency high and therefore contributes to energy saving. Endress+Hauser offers the full scope of equipment for the analysis of pure water for such boiler applications. As pressure and temperature are in most cases too high to measure directly in the process a sample conditioner is needed in front of the analytical panels. This is as well in the Endress+Hauser offering.



## Notes

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#### Supplementary documentation

 Parameter overview FA00007C/07/en



### Links

- Application Selection Software www.endress.com/applicator
- Overview of all components www.endress.com/pH
- Memosens technology www.endress.com/memosens
- Liquiline Control CDC90 www.endress.com/CDC90

### www.addresses.endress.com

